

1989 BILL 11

First Session, 22nd Legislature, 38 Elizabeth II

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ALBERTA

BILL 11

SENATORIAL SELECTION ACT

THE MINISTER OF FEDERAL AND
INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

First Reading

Second Reading

Committee of the Whole

Third Reading

Royal Assent

Bill 11

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1989

SENATORIAL SELECTION ACT

(Assented to , 1989)

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Preamble WHEREAS the Legislative Assembly of Alberta on May 27, 1985 and March 10, 1987 expressed unanimously its resolve to achieve an elected Senate with equal and effective provincial representation; and

WHEREAS in the *1987 Constitutional (Meech Lake) Accord* the First Ministers of Canada agreed, as an interim measure until Senate reform is achieved, that any person summoned to fill a vacancy in the Senate shall be chosen from among persons whose names have been submitted by the government of the province to which the vacancy relates; and

WHEREAS it is appropriate that persons whose names are submitted to the Queen's Privy Council for Canada for appointment to the Senate be determined by the people of Alberta by democratic election;

THEREFORE HER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of Alberta, enacts as follows:

Interpretation 1(1) In this Act,

(a) "candidate" means a person

(i) who is nominated as a candidate,

(ii) who is nominated by a registered political party for endorsement as the official candidate of that party, or

(iii) who, on or after the date of issue of a writ for an election, declares himself to be an independent candidate at the election;

(b) "council" means a council as defined in the *Local Authorities Election Act* and includes the council of the City of Lloydminster;

(c) "elected authority" means an elected authority as defined in the *Local Authorities Election Act* and includes the council of the City of Lloydminster;

- (d) “election officer” means an election officer under the *Election Act* or an officer under the *Local Authorities Election Act*, as the case may be;
 - (e) “electoral division” means an electoral division under the *Electoral Divisions Act*.
- (2) For the purposes of this Act, a document that is required to be filed with the Chief Electoral Officer is filed when it is actually received by the Chief Electoral Officer.
- (3) Except as provided in this Act, words and phrases used in this Act have the meanings given to them in the *Election Act*.

**PART 1
GENERAL**

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|------------------------------------|---|
| Definitions | <p>2 In this Part,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) “deputy returning officer” means a deputy returning officer under the <i>Election Act</i> or a deputy under the <i>Local Authorities Election Act</i>, as the case may be; (b) “polling day” includes election day as defined in the <i>Local Authorities Election Act</i>; (c) “polling place” includes voting station as defined in the <i>Local Authorities Election Act</i>; (d) “returning officer” means a returning officer under the <i>Election Act</i> or the <i>Local Authorities Election Act</i>, as the case may be. |
| Submission to Privy Council | <p>3 Persons declared elected under this Act shall have their names submitted by the Government of Alberta to the Queen’s Privy Council for Canada as persons who may be summoned to the Senate of Canada for the purpose of filling vacancies relating to Alberta.</p> |
| Application of Election Act | <p>4 For the purposes of this Part, sections 52.1, 52.2, 62, 142 to 146 and Parts 5 to 9, except sections 179(2)(c) and 204, of the <i>Election Act</i> apply to an election under this Act as if it were a general election under the <i>Election Act</i>.</p> |
| Authorization to commence election | <p>5(1) If there are one or more vacancies in the Senate of Canada relating to Alberta, an election may be commenced at any time by the passing of an order of the Lieutenant Governor in Council</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) setting out whether the election under this Act is to be held <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) in conjunction with a general election under the <i>Election Act</i>, (ii) separately on a date provided for in the order, or (iii) in conjunction with the general elections under the <i>Local Authorities Election Act</i>; (b) authorizing the Lieutenant Governor to issue a writ of election in the prescribed form addressed to the Chief Electoral Officer and prescribing the date of the writ; |

- (c) setting out the number of persons to be elected;
- (d) appointing nomination day;
- (e) appointing the day on which voting is to take place if voting is necessary.

(2) Where an election under this Act is to be held in conjunction with a general election under the *Election Act*,

(a) the order under subsection (1) shall be made not later than 3 days after the issue of the writ of election under the *Election Act*,

(b) nomination day shall be the same day as nomination day for the general election under the *Election Act*, and

(c) polling day, if voting is necessary, shall be the same day as the day on which voting is to take place for the general election under the *Election Act*.

(3) Where an election under this Act is to be held separately on a date provided for in the order under subsection (1), the order

(a) shall appoint the 14th day after the date of the writ issued under subsection (1)(b) as nomination day, and

(b) shall provide that, if voting is necessary, the 14th day after nomination day or, if the 14th day is a holiday, then the next following day not being a holiday, shall be the day on which voting is to take place.

(4) Where an election under this Act is to be held in conjunction with a general election under the *Local Authorities Election Act*, the order under subsection (1)

(a) shall be made not later than the 3rd Monday in September,

(b) shall appoint the 1st Monday in October as nomination day, and

(c) shall appoint the 3rd Monday in October as election day, if voting is necessary.

Issue of writ

6 On receipt of a writ under section 5, the Chief Electoral Officer shall endorse on it the date on which he received it and shall

(a) advise each returning officer that a writ has been issued, and

(b) transmit a copy of the writ to each returning officer.

Eligibility as election officers

7 A member of the Senate of Canada may not be appointed as an election officer for the purpose of conducting an election under this Act.

Eligibility for nomination

8 A person is eligible to be nominated as a candidate in an election under this Act if

(a) on the day the nomination paper is filed, the person

(i) meets the qualifications set out in section 23 of the *Constitution Act, 1867*,

(ii) is not a Member of the House of Commons or Senate of Canada, and

(iii) is not a Member of the Legislative Assembly,

(b) in the case of an election under this Act that is being held in conjunction with a general election under the *Election Act*, the person is not a candidate at the general election under that Act,

(c) in the case of an election under this Act that is being held in conjunction with the general elections under the *Local Authorities Election Act*, the person is not a candidate at a general election under that Act,

(d) the person is not prohibited from being a candidate for an election under the *Election Act* under section 52.1, 52.2, 173 or 175 of that Act,

(e) the person is not prohibited from being a candidate for an election under this Act under section 52.1, 173 or 175 of the *Election Act*, as those sections apply to this Act, and

(f) the person is and has been ordinarily resident in Alberta for at least 6 months immediately preceding polling day.

Nomination of candidates

9(1) At any time following publication of the proclamation referred to in section 34 or 46 and prior to 2 p.m. of the date fixed for the closing of nominations, 1500 or more electors may nominate a person eligible to be a candidate as a candidate by signing a nomination paper in the prescribed form and filing it with the Chief Electoral Officer.

(2) The signatures of the electors nominating a candidate shall be witnessed by another elector who shall complete the required affidavit prior to the filing of the nomination papers.

(3) A person who is a candidate by virtue of section 1(1)(a)(ii) or (iii) and who does not file his nomination papers prior to the time set for the closing of nominations ceases to be a candidate on the closing of nominations.

Official agents of candidates

10(1) Each person being nominated as a candidate shall appoint an elector to be his official agent on his nomination and shall include the name, address and telephone number of the person so appointed in the appropriate place on the nomination form.

(2) The duties of an official agent are those prescribed by the candidate.

(3) The official agent shall not perform the duties of the chief financial officer unless he is the candidate's chief financial officer.

(4) If it becomes necessary to appoint a new official agent, the candidate shall immediately notify the Chief Electoral Officer in writing of the name, address and telephone number of the person so appointed.

Filing nomination papers

11(1) A nomination paper is not valid unless

(a) it states an address within Alberta at which documents may be served and notices given respecting the candidate,

(b) it contains the appointment, name, address and telephone number of the official agent of the person being nominated,

- (c) it states that the person being nominated
 - (i) is eligible under section 8 for nomination, and
 - (ii) consents to his nomination,
- (d) it states whether the person being nominated is an independent candidate or is the officially endorsed candidate of a registered political party,
- (e) it is accompanied by an affidavit in the prescribed form of each elector who witnessed the signatures of the electors nominating the candidate,
- (f) the candidate is a registered candidate under the *Election Finances and Contributions Disclosure Act* for the purposes of an election under this Act,
- (g) it is accompanied by a deposit of \$4000,
- (h) it is signed by the candidate, and
- (i) it is filed with the Chief Electoral Officer prior to 2 p.m. of the date fixed for the closing of nominations.

(2) If the person being nominated is the candidate of a registered political party, he shall, at the time of filing his nomination paper, file a certificate in the prescribed form stating that the person is a candidate for that registered political party.

(3) On the filing of a valid nomination paper, the Chief Electoral Officer shall give a receipt in the prescribed form, which is proof of receipt of the deposit and of the filing of the nomination paper.

Deposit of
candidate

12(1) The Chief Electoral Officer shall not accept a deposit tendered under section 11(1)(g) unless it consists of

- (a) Bank of Canada notes,
- (b) a certified cheque or certified bill of exchange,
- (c) a bank or postal money order, or
- (d) a combination of any of those forms.

(2) The deposit received under section 11(1)(g) shall be refunded to the candidate if he

- (a) is elected,
- (b) obtains a number of votes equal to at least 1/2 of the total number of votes obtained by the candidate elected with the least number of votes, or
- (c) withdraws within 48 hours after the filing of his nomination paper.

(3) If a candidate dies after being nominated and prior to the closing of the polling places on polling day, the deposit shall be refunded to the candidate's personal representative.

(4) A deposit that is not refunded under this section shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund.

Information to be provided to candidate	13 The Chief Electoral Officer, on filing the nomination paper of a candidate, shall provide to the candidate the name, address and telephone number of each returning officer.
Election by acclamation	<p>14 If the number of candidates nominated by the closing of nominations equals or is less than the number of persons to be elected, the Chief Electoral Officer shall</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">(a) immediately declare the candidate or candidates elected, and</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">(b) make his return in the prescribed form certifying the election of the candidate or candidates.</p>
Necessity of election	15 An election under this Act is necessary if the number of candidates nominated by the closing of nominations exceeds the number of persons to be elected.
Withdrawal of candidate	<p>16(1) At any time after the filing of his nomination paper but not later than 96 hours before the opening of the polls on polling day, a candidate may withdraw by filing with the Chief Electoral Officer a declaration to that effect signed by the candidate and having his signature witnessed.</p> <p>(2) If after a candidate withdraws the number of candidates equals or is less than the number of persons to be elected, the Chief Electoral Officer shall proceed in accordance with section 14.</p> <p>(3) If</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">(a) a candidate withdraws after the ballots are printed, and</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">(b) there remain more candidates than the number of persons to be elected,</p> <p>the Chief Electoral Officer shall advise each returning officer of the withdrawal and, if there is sufficient time, the returning officer shall prepare a notice of withdrawal and distribute a copy to each deputy returning officer, who shall post it in a conspicuous location in his polling place.</p> <p>(4) When there is insufficient time to prepare and distribute a notice of withdrawal under subsection (3), the Chief Electoral Officer, when advising the returning officers of the withdrawal, shall instruct each of them to cause a notice of the withdrawal to be prepared by hand, and each deputy returning officer shall post the notice in a conspicuous location in his polling place.</p>
Death of candidate	<p>17(1) If a candidate dies after being nominated and prior to the closing of the polling places on polling day, the election under this Act is cancelled.</p> <p>(2) Nomination of candidates previously filed remain valid for a period of 6 months following the date the election is cancelled.</p>
Close of nominations	<p>18(1) At 2 p.m. on the date fixed for the closing of nominations, the Chief Electoral Officer shall, at the place fixed for the filing of nominations,</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">(a) declare the nominations closed,</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">(b) announce the names of all officially nominated candidates.</p>

(c) announce the name, address and telephone number of each candidate's official agent, and

(d) announce the polling date and the date, time and place at which the official results of the election will be announced.

(2) On complying with subsection (1), the Chief Electoral Officer shall, as soon as possible,

(a) make available a list of the candidates to each candidate or his official agent, and

(b) publish in the prescribed form the names and addresses of the candidates' official agents in one or more newspapers of general circulation

(i) in each electoral division, in the case of an election held in accordance with Part 2, and

(ii) in each local jurisdiction, in the case of an election held in accordance with Part 3.

Contents of
ballots

19(1) Every ballot used in an election shall contain a brief explanatory note stating the maximum number of candidates who can be voted for in order not to make the ballot void.

(2) The name of each candidate shall be printed on each ballot together with

(a) the name of the registered political party for which he is the candidate, or

(b) the word "Independent" if the candidate is not a candidate for a registered political party.

(3) The names of the candidates shall be printed on the ballot as follows:

(a) the candidate's

(i) given name,

(ii) initials, or

(iii) nickname

or any combination of them;

(b) the candidate's surname shall appear following the given name, initials or nickname, as the case may be;

(c) the candidates' names shall be listed in alphabetical order by surname;

(d) no titles, degrees, prefixes or suffixes may be included with a name.

(4) The ballot shall be in the prescribed form unless the ballot is prescribed pursuant to a by-law made under section 84 of the *Local Authorities Election Act* that was approved pursuant to section 45 of this Act.

Printing of
ballots

20(1) The Chief Electoral Officer shall have the ballots for use in the election printed.

(2) The printer shall deliver to the Chief Electoral Officer with the printed ballots a completed and executed Affidavit of Printer in the prescribed form.

(3) The Chief Electoral Officer shall provide each returning officer with a sufficient quantity of ballots and shall maintain a record of the number provided.

(4) Each returning officer shall maintain a record of the quantity of ballots provided to the deputy returning officers.

(5) This section does not apply in a jurisdiction where the elected authority passes a by-law under section 84 of the *Local Authorities Election Act* and the by-law is approved under section 45 of this Act.

Conduct of
official tabulation

21(1) Each returning officer shall, within 4 days after the vote has taken place, submit to the Chief Electoral Officer the Statement of Official Results prepared by the returning officer.

(2) The Chief Electoral Officer shall add together the results of the counts set out in the Statements of Official Results prepared by the returning officers in order to determine which candidate or candidates received the most votes.

(3) The Chief Electoral Officer shall give written notice to each candidate or his official agent of the place, date and hour of commencement of the addition referred to in subsection (2).

(4) If it appears on the addition of the votes that 2 or more candidates received the same number of votes, and if it is necessary for determining which candidate is elected, the Chief Electoral Officer shall write the names of those candidates separately on blank sheets of paper of equal size and of the same colour and texture and, after folding the sheets of paper in a uniform manner and so that the names are concealed, shall deposit them in a receptacle and direct some person to draw one of the sheets, and the Chief Electoral Officer shall declare the candidate whose name appears on the drawn sheet to have one more vote than the other candidate or candidates, as the case may be.

(5) The drawn sheet shall be sealed in an envelope marked with the words "Declared Vote" and kept separate from the other ballots.

(6) On completing the addition, the Chief Electoral Officer shall provide to each candidate or his official agent a Certificate and Return in the prescribed form indicating the number of votes for each candidate and the name of the candidate or candidates to be declared elected pursuant to section 22.

(7) On complying with subsection (6), the Chief Electoral Officer shall prepare the Tabulation of Official Results.

Announcement of
official results

22(1) The Chief Electoral Officer shall attend at the place, date and time stated in the election proclamation to announce the official results of the election under this Act and declare which candidate or candidates are elected.

(2) Where only one person is to be elected, the candidate with the highest number of votes shall be declared elected.

(3) Where more than one person is to be elected, the candidate with the highest number of votes shall be declared elected and the candidate with the next highest number of votes shall be declared elected and so on until the number of candidates to be elected at the election under this Act are declared elected.

(4) The Chief Electoral Officer shall retain the Statements of Official Results and the Tabulation of Official Results for a period of 10 days after announcing the official results of the election under this Act to allow for possible appeals or applications for a recount of the votes.

Disclaimer

23(1) A candidate who has been declared elected under this Act may, by filing a disclaimer in the prescribed form with the Chief Electoral Officer, request

(a) that his name not be submitted to the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, or

(b) that, if his name has been submitted, the submission of his name be withdrawn.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), if a disclaimer is filed under subsection (1), the election of that candidate is void and a new election shall be held to elect another person.

(3) The filing of a disclaimer under subsection (1) does not affect any application for an appeal or recount by another candidate or the right of that other candidate to be declared elected if his application or appeal is successful.

Appeal and
recount

24(1) Notwithstanding section 142 of the *Election Act*, for the purposes of this Act,

(a) an appeal may be commenced within 8 days after the date the Chief Electoral Officer announces the results of the official count and declares one or more candidates elected;

(b) an appeal from a decision of the Chief Electoral Officer may also be made in relation to the addition of the results contained in the Tabulation of Official Results;

(c) the Chief Electoral Officer shall also be given notice of the time and place appointed for hearing and determining the appeal.

(2) Notwithstanding section 143 of the *Election Act*, for the purposes of this Act,

(a) where a recount of the votes is required, the Chief Electoral Officer shall attend at the time and place appointed for hearing and determining the appeal but the Court shall determine which election officers, if any, are required also to attend;

(b) where the application is limited to a decision of a returning officer, only the returning officer and the Chief Electoral Officer are required to attend;

(c) the Chief Electoral Officer shall bring all the ballot boxes and documents required for the purposes of disposing of the matter.

(3) Notwithstanding section 144 of the *Election Act*, for the purposes of this Act, the judge shall also hear and determine appeals from the decision of the Chief Electoral Officer.

(4) The judge shall verify and, if necessary, amend the Tabulation of Official Results.

(5) Notwithstanding section 145 of the *Election Act*, for the purposes of this Act,

(a) on conclusion of the appeal, the judge shall immediately certify the result to the Chief Electoral Officer, who shall declare elected the candidate or candidates who, taking into account all appeal results, received the highest number of votes;

(b) on conclusion of a recount, the judge shall immediately certify the result to the Chief Electoral Officer, who shall, on the 3rd day thereafter, unless he is served with a notice of appeal within that period, declare elected the candidate or candidates who received the highest number of votes pursuant to the recount;

(c) if on a recount an equality of votes exists for 2 or more candidates, the vote drawn pursuant to section 21(4) shall be counted.

(6) Notwithstanding section 146 of the *Election Act*, for the purposes of this Act,

(a) the Chief Electoral Officer shall also be served with a notice of appeal and shall be notified of the date of the hearing,

(b) subsection (5)(c) applies,

(c) on determination of the appeal, the Registrar of the Court of Appeal shall immediately certify the result to the Chief Electoral Officer, who shall then declare elected the candidate or candidates who received the highest number of votes pursuant to the appeal, and

(d) if a decision of the Court of Appeal is successfully appealed to the Supreme Court of Canada, then on receipt by the Chief Electoral Officer of a certified copy of the judgment of that Court, the Chief Electoral Officer shall declare elected the candidate or candidates who received the highest number of votes pursuant to the appeal.

Publication of
elected
candidates

25(1) Subject to subsection (2), 8 days after the candidate or candidates are declared elected the Chief Electoral Officer shall submit a notice of the name of the candidate or candidates declared elected under this Act for publication in the next issue of *The Alberta Gazette*.

(2) If there is an appeal in accordance with sections 142 to 146 of the *Election Act* as those sections apply to this Act, the names of the persons declared elected shall be published after the expiration of the appeal period.

Application of
Part 7 of Election
Act

26 For the purposes of this Act,

(a) the reference in section 179(1) of the *Election Act* to “a candidate as the member of the Legislative Assembly for an electoral division” is deemed to be a reference to a candidate at an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*;

(b) the reference in section 179(2)(b) of the *Election Act* to “section 147” is deemed to be a reference to section 25 of this Act.

- Candidate contributions **27** For the purposes of this Act, the reference in section 206 of the *Election Act* to “section 15(1)(b)(ii) and (4) of the *Election Finances and Contributions Disclosure Act*” is deemed to be a reference to section 15.1(1)(b)(ii) and (3) of the *Election Finances and Contributions Disclosure Act*.
- Archives **28** The Chief Electoral Officer shall provide a copy of the writ, the Tabulation of Official Results and the Statements of Official Results to the Provincial Archives after each election under this Act.
- Regulations **29(1)** The Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations
- (a) respecting the amounts of honoraria and fees that may be payable to election officers conducting a vote under Part 2;
 - (b) respecting amounts that are payable to elected authorities and other bodies conducting a vote under Part 3;
 - (c) respecting forms, notices and oaths to be used for the purpose of an election under this Act.
- (2) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations respecting any matter not provided for or not sufficiently provided for in this Act, but any regulation made under this subsection ceases to have effect after the last day of the next ensuing session of the Legislature.
- (3) Where an election under this Act is held in conjunction with a general election under the *Election Act*, a form, oath or notice prescribed under the *Election Act* may be combined with a form, oath or notice, as the case may be, prescribed under this Act, and the form, oath or notice is valid for both the general election under the *Election Act* and the election under this Act.
- (4) Where an election under this Act is held in conjunction with general elections under the *Local Authorities Election Act*, a form, oath or notice prescribed under the *Local Authorities Election Act* may be combined with a form, oath or notice, as the case may be, prescribed under this Act, and the form, oath or notice is valid for both the general elections under the *Local Authorities Election Act* and the election under this Act.
- (5) Regulations made under the *Local Authorities Election Act* apply to an election held in accordance with Part 3 as if it were a general election under the *Local Authorities Election Act*.

PART 2

ELECTION HELD IN CONJUNCTION WITH PROVINCIAL ELECTION OR ON DATE FIXED BY ORDER

- Application of this Part **30** Where an election under this Act is to be held in conjunction with a general election under the *Election Act* or separately on a date provided for in an order under section 5, Part 1 and this Part apply to the election under this Act.
- Application of Election Act **31(1)** Except as provided in this Part, Parts 3 and 4 of the *Election Act* apply to an election held in conjunction with a general election under the *Election Act* or held separately on a date fixed in an order under section 5 as if it were a general election under the *Election Act*.

(2) For the purposes of this Part, sections 36, 37, 51, 52, 53 to 61, 78, 79, 97, 108(5)(a), 122 to 128, 136(5) and (6), 137, 137.1, 147 and 149.1 of the *Election Act* do not apply.

List of electors **32** The list of electors compiled and revised under the *Election Act* shall be the list of electors for an election under this Act.

Appointment of returning officers **33** The returning officers appointed under the *Election Act* shall be the returning officers for the purposes of an election under this Act.

Publication of election proclamation **34(1)** The Chief Electoral Officer shall, as soon as possible following the making of the order referred to in section 5, publish by proclamation in the prescribed form in respect of each electoral division

(a) the place, dates and hours for considering applications for revisions to the list of electors,

(b) the place and hours fixed for the nomination of candidates and the date fixed for the closing of nominations,

(c) the place, dates and hours fixed for voting at an advance poll if voting is necessary,

(d) the date of polling day and the hours at which the polling places will open and close if voting is necessary,

(e) the place, date and time for announcing the results of the official tabulation, that date being the 10th day after polling day, and

(f) the name, address and telephone number of the returning officer.

(2) The proclamation referred to in subsection (1), a map of the electoral division indicating the numbered polling subdivisions, and a list of the locations of the polling places shall be published by

(a) posting a copy of each in the office of the returning officer, and

(b) publishing a copy of each in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the electoral division.

(3) A returning officer may post additional copies of the proclamation, map and list of locations at any other places in the electoral division where he considers they will be reasonably safe from damage and will serve to provide information to the public.

(4) If the information as published is or becomes inaccurate for any reason, the Chief Electoral Officer shall

(a) publish details of the correction in the newspapers in which the proclamation was published under subsection (2), and

(b) immediately provide to all candidates or their official agents written details of the correction.

Voting procedure **35(1)** The deputy returning officer shall, without inquiring or ascertaining for whom a voter intends to vote, instruct the voter to

(a) proceed to one of the polling booths and there, with the marker provided, mark his ballot by placing an "X" in the space opposite the name of the candidate or candidates of his choice,

(b) refold the ballot so that the initials, the words “Senatorial Selection” and the year of the election on the back of the ballot and the number on the back of the counterfoil can be seen without unfolding it, and

(c) hand the folded ballot to the deputy returning officer.

(2) An elector may not vote for more than the number of persons to be elected.

(3) The deputy returning officer, without unfolding the ballot, shall in full view of the voter and all present

(a) ascertain by examining

(i) the initials, and

(ii) the number on the counterfoil,

that it is the same ballot that he provided to the voter,

(b) remove and tear up the counterfoil, and

(c) place the ballot in the ballot box.

Exception to section 108(5) of Election Act

36 Notwithstanding section 108(5)(d) of the *Election Act*, for the purposes of this Part, the deputy returning officer shall reject and place in a rejected ballot envelope any ballot that contains votes for more candidates than the number of persons to be elected.

Exception to section 115 of Election Act

37 Notwithstanding section 115 of the *Election Act*, for the purposes of this Part, a voter may mark only the name of the candidate or candidates, as the case may be.

PART 3

ELECTION HELD IN CONJUNCTION WITH MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Application of this Part

38 Where an election under this Act is to be held in conjunction with the general elections under the *Local Authorities Election Act*, Part 1 and this Part apply to the election under this Act.

Application of Local Authorities Election Act

39(1) Except as provided in this Part, sections 4, 12 to 20 and 35(2), Parts 2 and 3 and sections 152 to 159 of the *Local Authorities Election Act* apply to an election under this Act held in conjunction with the general elections under the *Local Authorities Election Act* as if it were a general election under the *Local Authorities Election Act*.

(2) For the purposes of this Part, sections 41 to 44, 47(2), (2.1) and (3), 49, 50, 62, 63, 70, 71, 73, 88(2) and 95 to 99 of the *Local Authorities Election Act* do not apply.

(3) Notwithstanding section 1(3) of this Act, words and phrases used in this Part have the meanings given to them in the *Local Authorities Election Act*.

Councils to conduct vote

40(1) Where an election under this Act is to be held in accordance with this Part, every council, except the council of a summer village, shall conduct a vote of the electors residing in the municipality for the purposes of the election under this Act.

(2) The council shall conduct the vote notwithstanding that a general election under the *Local Authorities Election Act* is not required in that municipality.

(3) If the council has entered into an agreement with one or more elected authorities in the same area for the conduct of a general election under the *Local Authorities Election Act*, the elected authority that is responsible for the conduct of the general election under the agreement shall conduct the vote for the purposes of the election under this Act and has all the rights, powers and duties of the council to conduct the vote.

(4) The Minister of Municipal Affairs is responsible for conducting the vote of the electors residing in an improvement district, special area, summer village, new town or Indian reserve or a park as defined in the *National Parks Act* (Canada) and for the purposes of an election under this Act has all the rights, powers and duties of a council to conduct the vote including the authority to appoint returning officers and other election officers.

(5) The Minister of Municipal Affairs may enter into an agreement

(a) with any elected authority in the area or in an area adjacent to the improvement district, special area, summer village, new town or Indian reserve or park as defined in the *National Parks Act* (Canada), or

(b) with the advisory committee of an improvement district or special area, the board of administrators of a new town or the council of a summer village

to conduct the vote on the Minister's behalf, and the elected authority, advisory committee, board of administrators and council are authorized to enter into such an agreement.

(6) An elected authority, advisory committee, board of administrators or council that enters into an agreement under subsection (5) has all the rights, powers and duties of the Minister to conduct the vote.

(7) In accordance with the regulations under section 29, payments shall be made to elected authorities and other bodies that conduct a vote for the purposes of an election under this Act.

Electors list

41 The list of electors, if any, for a municipality compiled and revised under the *Local Authorities Election Act* shall be the list of electors for conducting a vote for the purposes of an election under this Act in that municipality.

Electors in summer village

42 In the case of a summer village, only residents of the summer village are entitled to vote at an election under this Act.

Appointment of officers

43(1) The officers appointed under the *Local Authorities Election Act* for the general elections under that Act are officers for the purposes of an election under this Act.

(2) The officers have the duties and the necessary powers under the *Local Authorities Election Act* to conduct an election under this Act, except where inconsistent with this Act.

- Voting subdivisions and stations **44** The voting subdivisions and voting stations established for the purposes of the general elections under the *Local Authorities Election Act* are the voting subdivisions and voting stations for the purposes of the election under this Act.
- Voting machines **45** If an elected authority makes a by-law under section 84 of the *Local Authorities Election Act* that is applicable to the conducting of a vote of electors for the purposes of an election under this Act, the by-law, with respect to its application under this Act, is not valid unless it is approved by the Minister of Municipal Affairs.
- Publication of election proclamation **46**(1) The Chief Electoral Officer shall as soon as possible following the date of the order referred to in section 5 publish by proclamation in the prescribed form in respect of each municipality
 - (a) the place and hours fixed for the nomination of candidates and the date fixed for the closing of nominations,
 - (b) the date of election day and the hours at which the voting stations will open and close if voting is necessary,
 - (c) the place, date and time for announcing the results of the official tabulation, that date being the 10th day after election day, and
 - (d) the name, address and telephone number of the returning officer.

(2) The proclamation referred to in subsection (1) shall be published by
 - (a) posting a copy of it in the office of the returning officer, and
 - (b) publishing a copy of it in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the municipality.

(3) A returning officer may post additional copies of the proclamation at other places in the municipality where he considers they will be reasonably safe from damage and will serve to provide information to the public.

(4) If the information as published is or becomes inaccurate for any reason, the Chief Electoral Officer shall
 - (a) publish details of the correction in the newspapers in which the proclamation was published under subsection (2), and
 - (b) immediately provide to all candidates or their official agents written details of the correction.

Marking of ballots **47**(1) On receiving a ballot from the officer presiding at the voting station, the elector shall forthwith proceed into the voting compartment provided and shall mark the ballot by placing an "X" on the right-hand side opposite the name of the candidate of his choice.

(2) After marking the ballot, the elector shall fold the ballot so as
 - (a) to conceal the names of the candidates and the marks on the face of the ballot, and
 - (b) to expose the initials of the officer issuing the ballot at the voting station,

and immediately after leaving the voting compartment shall, without delay and without showing the front to anyone, deliver the ballot so folded to the officer supervising at the ballot box.

(3) The officer supervising at the ballot box shall, without unfolding the ballot or in any way disclosing the marks made by the elector on the ballot, verify the initials on the ballot and deposit the ballot at once in the ballot box.

(4) After the ballot is deposited in the ballot box, the elector shall forthwith leave the voting station.

(5) This section, except subsection (4), does not apply in a jurisdiction where the elected authority passes a by-law under section 84 of the *Local Authorities Election Act* and the by-law has been approved under section 45 of this Act.

Exception to section 45 of Local Authorities Election Act

48 Notwithstanding section 45 of the *Local Authorities Election Act*, for the purposes of this Part the deputy returning officer shall post a copy of the bulletin referred to in section 86(1)(c) of the *Election Act* in addition to posting copies of sections 116 and 117 of the *Local Authorities Election Act*.

Entries in voting register

49(1) For the purposes of this Part, a reference to “senatorial candidate” shall be included in the register referred to in section 59 of the *Local Authorities Election Act*.

(2) The officer shall, with respect to each elector who receives a ballot, denote on the register that the elector received a ballot for the purpose of voting under this Act.

Incapacitated elector at home

50 For the purposes of this Part, if an elected authority provides under section 79 of the *Local Authorities Election Act* for the taking of votes of electors who because of physical incapacity are unable to attend a voting station or an advance voting station to vote, the resolution applies in respect of taking a vote for the purposes of an election under this Act.

Advance vote

51(1) An elected authority who is conducting a vote under this Act may by resolution provide for holding an advance vote in respect of an election under this Act.

(2) An advance vote may be held only on the Thursday, Friday and Saturday immediately prior to election day or on any of those days.

Official count of returning officer

52(1) The returning officer may publish unofficial results of the counting of ballots after an election under this Act as the results are received from voting stations.

(2) Each returning officer shall add together the ballot accounts as prepared by the deputy returning officers.

(3) On complying with subsection (2), the returning officer shall prepare the prescribed Statement of Official Results.

Amends RSA 1980 cA-17

53 *The Alberta Corporate Income Tax Act is amended by repealing section 24(2)(a) and (b) and substituting the following:*

(a) in the case of a registered party, a registered constituency association or a registered candidate who is a candidate under the *Election Act*, for contributions made on or after January 1, 1982, in respect of an election under the *Election Act*,

(i) 75% of the amount contributed if the aggregate amount of contributions by the corporation does not exceed \$150,

(ii) \$112.50 plus 50% of the amount contributed in excess of \$150 if the aggregate amount of contributions by the corporation exceeds \$150 but does not exceed \$825, or

(iii) the lesser of

(A) \$750, and

(B) \$450 plus 33 1/3% of the amount contributed in excess of \$825,

if the aggregate amount of contributions by the corporation exceeds \$825,

and

(b) in the case of a registered party that has nominated a candidate under the *Senatorial Selection Act* or a registered candidate who is a candidate under the *Senatorial Selection Act*, for contributions made on or after January 1, 1989, in respect of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*,

(i) 75% of the amount contributed if the aggregate amount of contributions by the corporation does not exceed \$150,

(ii) \$112.50 plus 50% of the amount contributed in excess of \$150 if the aggregate amount of contributions by the corporation exceeds \$150 but does not exceed \$825, or

(iii) the lesser of

(A) \$750, and

(B) \$450 plus 33 1/3% of the amount contributed in excess of \$825,

if the aggregate amount of contributions by the corporation exceeds \$825,

Amends RSA
1980 cA-31

54 *The Alberta Income Tax Act is amended by repealing section 13(2)(a) and (b) and substituting the following:*

(a) in the case of a registered party, a registered constituency association or a registered candidate who is a candidate under the *Election Act*, for contributions made on or after January 1, 1982, in respect of an election under the *Election Act*,

(i) 75% of the amount contributed if the aggregate amount of contributions by the taxpayer does not exceed \$150,

(ii) \$112.50 plus 50% of the amount contributed in excess of \$150 if the aggregate amount of contributions by the taxpayer exceeds \$150 but does not exceed \$825, or

(iii) the lesser of

(A) \$750, and

(B) \$450 plus 33 1/3% of the amount contributed in excess of \$825,

if the aggregate amount of contributions by the taxpayer exceeds \$825,

and

(b) in the case of a registered party that has nominated a candidate under the *Senatorial Selection Act* or a registered candidate who is a candidate under the *Senatorial Selection Act*, for contributions made on or after January 1, 1989, in respect of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*,

(i) 75% of the amount contributed if the aggregate amount of contributions by the taxpayer does not exceed \$150,

(ii) \$112.50 plus 50% of the amount contributed in excess of \$150 if the aggregate amount of contributions by the taxpayer exceeds \$150 but does not exceed \$825, or

(iii) the lesser of

(A) \$750, and

(B) \$450 plus 33 1/3% of the amount contributed in excess of \$825,

if the aggregate amount of contributions by the taxpayer exceeds \$825,

Amends RSA
1980 cE-2

55 *The Election Act is amended*

(a) *in section 4(1)*

(i) *in clause (a), by adding “and the Senatorial Selection Act” after “this Act”;*

(ii) *in clause (b), by striking out “the Act” and substituting “this Act and the Senatorial Selection Act”;*

(iii) *in clause (c) by adding “and the Senatorial Selection Act” after “Act”;*

(b) *in section 4(3) by adding “election under the Senatorial Selection Act,” after “general election,”;*

(c) *in section 7(1) by adding “, elections under the Senatorial Selection Act” after “this Act”;*

(d) *in section 52(d) by adding “under this Act or the Senatorial Selection Act” after “candidate”.*

Amends RSA
1980 cE-3

56(1) *The Election Finances and Contributions Disclosure Act is amended by this section.*

(2) *Section 1(1) is amended*

(a) *by repealing clause (d) and substituting the following:*

(d) “candidate” means

(i) with respect to an election under the *Election Act*, a person

(A) who is a member of the Legislative Assembly,

(B) who is nominated as a candidate for an electoral division in accordance with the *Election Act*,

(C) who is nominated by a constituency association of a registered party in an electoral division for endorsement as the official candidate of that party in the electoral division, or

(D) who, on or after the date of the issue of a writ for an election in an electoral division, declares himself to be an independent candidate at the election in the electoral division;

(ii) with respect to an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*, a person

(A) who is nominated as a candidate,

(B) who is nominated by a registered political party for endorsement as the official candidate of that party, or

(C) who, on or after the date of issue of a writ for an election, declares himself to be an independent candidate at the election;

(b) by repealing clause (g) and substituting the following:

(g) “election” means

(i) an election of a person as a Member of the Legislative Assembly conducted under the *Election Act*, and

(ii) an election of a person under the *Senatorial Selection Act*;

(c) by repealing clause (j) and substituting the following:

(j) “general election” means a general election as defined in the *Election Act* and includes an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*;

(d) in clause (l) by adding “or the *Senatorial Selection Act*” after “*Act*”.

(3) Section 3(1) is amended by striking out “and the *Election Act*” and substituting “, the *Election Act* and the *Senatorial Selection Act*”.

(4) Section 8(2) is amended

(a) in clause (a) by striking out “that the candidate” and substituting “that, in the case of a candidate under the *Election Act*, the candidate”;

(b) by adding the following after clause (a):

(a.1) that, in the case of a candidate under the *Senatorial Selection Act*, the candidate

(i) has been nominated as a candidate in accordance with the *Senatorial Selection Act*,

(ii) has been nominated by a named registered party for endorsement as the official candidate of that party and has enclosed with his application a statement to that effect attested by one of the principal officers of the registered party, or

(iii) has, after the date of the issue of a writ for an election, declared himself to be an independent candidate at the election;

(5) *Section 9 is amended*

(a) *in subsection (2) by adding “or the Senatorial Selection Act” after “Election Act” wherever it occurs;*

(b) *by adding the following after subsection (3):*

(3.1) If a constituency association or a person acting for the constituency association accepts contributions in respect of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*, the Chief Electoral Officer may cancel the registration of the constituency association.

(6) *Section 11 is amended by adding the following after subsection (3):*

(4) Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3), funds held in trust under subsection (1) in respect of a candidate under the *Senatorial Selection Act* may not be transferred or paid to a registered constituency association.

(7) *Section 15(1) is amended by striking out “Contributions” and substituting “For the purposes of an election under the Election Act, contributions”.*

(8) *The following is added after section 15:*

15.1(1) For the purposes of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*, contributions by any person, corporation, trade union or employee organization to registered parties or registered candidates shall not exceed

(a) in any year, \$15 000 to each registered party, and

(b) in any campaign period,

(i) \$30 000 to each registered party less any amount contributed to the party in that calendar year under clause (a), and

(ii) \$1500 to any registered candidate.

(2) No contributions may be made to a candidate except during a campaign period.

(3) Any money paid during a campaign period by a candidate out of his own funds for the purposes of his campaign

(a) is a contribution for the purposes of this Act, and

(b) shall be paid into a depository of the candidate on record with the Chief Electoral Officer.

(9) *The following is added after section 16:*

16.1(1) No registered party or registered candidate and no person on its or his behalf shall knowingly accept any contributions in excess of the limits imposed by section 15.1.

(2) If the chief financial officer learns that a contribution was accepted by or on behalf of the registered party or registered candidate for whom he acts in excess of the limits imposed by section 15.1, he shall, within 30 days after learning of it, advise the Chief Electoral Officer in writing of the fact and circumstances.

16.2(1) No registered constituency association or person acting for a constituency association may, in respect of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*, accept contributions for the registered party or for the candidate.

(2) If the chief financial officer of a registered constituency association learns that a contribution was accepted by the constituency association or by a person acting for the constituency association, he shall, within 30 days after learning of it, advise the Chief Electoral Officer in writing of the fact and circumstances.

(10) *The following is added after section 22:*

22.1 A person who makes a contribution under this Act must indicate in writing whether the contribution is being made in respect of an election under the *Election Act* or an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*.

(11) *Section 26 is amended by adding the following after subsection (4):*

(5) Separate returns must be filed for contributions made in respect of an election under the *Election Act* and those made in respect of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*.

(12) *Section 27 is amended by adding “and the receipts shall indicate whether they have been issued in respect of an election under the Election Act or an election under the Senatorial Selection Act” after “accepted”.*

(13) *Section 29 is amended by adding the following after subsection (2):*

(2.1) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(b), a registered party may not contribute or transfer to a federal political party any funds that were contributed in respect of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*.

(14) *The following is added after section 30:*

30.1 Notwithstanding section 30, no registered party or registered candidate may accept funds from a federal political party registered under the *Election Expenses Act* (Canada) in respect of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*.

(15) *The following is added after section 31:*

31.1 Notwithstanding section 31, no registered constituency association may transfer funds or real or personal property to or accept funds or real or personal property from a registered political party or registered candidate in respect of an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*.

(16) *Section 34 is amended by adding the following after subsection (2):*

(3) The chief financial officer of each registered party shall file separate audited financial statements relating to the *Election Act* and the *Senatorial Selection Act*.

(17) *Section 35 is amended by adding the following after subsection (6):*

(7) If an election is held under the *Senatorial Selection Act* and the polling day for that election occurs within 3 months after the polling day for the previous election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*, the time for compliance with subsection (1)(b) in respect of the previous election is extended to the expiration of the 3-month period after the 2nd election.

(8) A chief financial officer referred to in subsection (1) shall file separate financial statements relating to an election under the *Election Act* and an election under the *Senatorial Selection Act*.

Amends RSA 1980 cF-9 **57** *The Financial Administration Act is amended in section 26(4)(a) by adding “, the Senatorial Selection Act” after “Election Act”.*

Amends SA 1983 cL-27.5 **58** *The Local Authorities Election Act is amended in section 101 by striking out “6 weeks” and substituting “3 months”.*

Amends SA 1984 cP-27.1 **59** *The Public Health Act is amended in section 48(1)(b) by adding “and the Senatorial Selection Act” after “Act”.*

Expiry **60** *This Act expires December 31, 1994.*